

\$2.50 A YEAR.

CORRESPONDENCE

To the Editor of The Times.

State. I have to hand you for publication.

[illegible]

White Fish Lake, about 70 miles north of Carlton. The following summer they established and established what is now known as the "Assinippi Mission," about 80 miles of Carlton on the Green Lake road. Here he labored diligently at both secular and church work. His thorough knowledge of the ways of the Cree Indians, and his consistent christian character, coupled with his zeal for the welfare of his red brethren, made him the most valuable helper to Mr. Bines in his efforts to bring the Assinippi Mission to a high state of prosperity in which it now

He was kind and generous to the Indians always striving to lead them to better life than they had formerly been accustomed. He was loved, respected and trusted them all and I have no doubt that man them will be found to have been brought to the Kingdom of Heaven through the instrumentality. He was looked upon as a true friend and loving brother by them.

I have known of him fixing his attention on some particular heathen, with the determination of bringing him within the pale of the church, and then using every opportunity of impressing upon him the claims and the necessity of the Christian religion; setting forth its advantages in a way to be derogated even by the darkened mind of

heathen; until his efforts were crowned with success when the heathen gave up heathen rites and superstitions and embraced christianity at his baptism in presence of the congregation. For this ~~of work he was well qualified, as he~~ had been rescued by the Church from then darkness.

Thus he continued to help the Mission in charge of Assissippi Mission until the of 1889, when he was brought down to manual College to study with a view taking Holy Orders. During that winter

devoted himself most earnestly to his studies, and in the spring of 1881, he went back again to the Mississippi Mission, to assist Mr. Hine in his usual duties. In the fall of 1881 he came back to the College, and spent the winter there.

further preparation for Holy Orders was ordained Deacon by the Bishop of Saskatchewan, on Sunday the 7th of May. He at once returned to Asisilopi, and charge of that Mission during the absence

the Rev. John Hines to England; and it was during this period, while visiting an Allevy the sick Indians—as he told me—days before he died—that he first caught cold that settled on his lungs and, here,

Last summer he again came down to finish his studies at Emmanuel College, previously to his being ordained to the ministry and installed at the church.

temporary charge of St. James' Parish C. M. S. Mission at the South Bra. Early in the winter he was called to go visit another reserve on the South Bra

on which occasion he baptized and received nine converts from heathenism into congregation of Christ's flock. This was last mission duty he performed, as on journey he caught a severe cold which re-

on his lungs, rendering him unable to continue on the work he so much loved, and for which he had so cheerfully given up his life. He gradually sank until at length on the 5th April, 1884, he quietly passed away into

rest which remaineth for the people of
and into which he had so long striven
faithfully to lead others of his fe-
creatures. His loss will be deeply mou-
in many an Indian home where he

As a preacher he was very earnest, fluent in his mother tongue—the Greek—he always adhered very closely to

Gospel as declared in the New Testament. I have frequently had the pleasure of
ting him to preach for me in my church.
He had lived to see nine of his chil-
dren; and the tenth, a little sick

four years of age, the only one now living is very ill at present, and it is expected she will soon follow the others to the grave. Besides this one child, he leaves his mother and wife still living in Boston, Albany

only to-day they told me that they have little or no provisions in store, and that are at a loss to know what to do for a livelihood, as neither of them can, at present, leave the house to earn any money.

I am not writing this as an appeal for public charity. But while there are many will pay tributes of respect to the war

we find that there are few, comparati

CHURCH MEETINGS.

ST. ANDREW'S PARISH.

The annual Easter meeting of the parish of St. Andrew was held in the church on Easter Monday, April 10th. The meeting was opened with prayer and a few verses of scripture. The choir then called on the Rev. E. Matheson to preside over the proceedings. Mr. J. Taylor was elected secretary. Mr. Charles G. Bird was reappointed minister, churchwarden and Mr. Wm. Cronmatt was elected people's churchwarden. The following were elected vestrymen for the year: Messrs. Andrew & Spence, Wm. Robertson, John Taylor, Jas. Sutherland, Henry Halero and R. Pitt-hair. Mr. James Sutherland was appointed sexton with a salary of £40 a year. Mr. Joseph Halero and Mr. W. Robertson were elected delegates to the diocesan synod. A vote of thanks was tendered by the congregation to the Hon. L. Clarke, for his kindness in lending the church a chancel. A hearty vote of thanks was then given to the chairman, who responded in his usual pleasant way. The meeting was then closed by singing the doxology and pronouncing the benediction.

The annual Fair meeting of the congregation of St. Catherine's church was held in the church on Monday evening the 14th inst. The meeting was opened with prayer and a short address by the incumbent, the Rev. E. K. Matheson. The accounts for the year were read, showing a very gratifying result, there being a good balance still on hand and all expenses had been paid. The appointment and election of churchwardens, vestrymen and delegates for the diocesan synod took place, with the following results: churchwardens, W. H. Hodges and W. Hudson; people's churchwardens, M. G. Inkster; vestrymen, Messrs. Thos. Swain, H. Erasmus, A. Whitford, McNaughton, D. Anderson, J. Pocha; churchkeeper, Mr. G. Inkster; delegates to the diocesan synod, Messrs. W. Hodges and J. Inkster. A vote of thanks was then tendered by the congregation to the Hon. L. Clarke for his kindness in waiving sitting and carrying the chancel of the church. A vote of thanks was also tendered by the congregation to those outside the parish who have so kindly assisted in the building of our school house, viz. Hon. Lawrence Clarke, Mrs. Swanton, Dr. Porter, Messrs. Thos. McKay, Moore Macdonald, Thos. Taylor, Peter Gwynne, Thos. A. Agnew, W. Kennedy, D. McKay, Joseph Comala, Alexander Campbell, and J. Stevenson. A vote of thanks was then unanimously given to the congregation to the Rev. E. K. Matheson for his vigorous efforts in the interests of the church and congregation. The meeting was closed with singing to the hymn of benediction. When the present incumbent was in charge of this church several heavy debts were upon it; he set himself to work immediately to raise funds to pay off all the debts; this he succeeded in doing during the first two years of his incumbency, and now the church is in a prosperous condition, and several improvements have been made in it during his pastorate.

The ice in the river began to move Monday last, but as the water is very shallow it got jammed, and only moved a short distance now and then. On Wednesday a "big push" took place and to day the river is nearly clear. The water is very low, and the prospects for summer navigation small.

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES
AND
BASKATCHEWAN REVIEW
PUBLISHED BY

SPINK & MAVEETY

T. A. SPINK. J. D. MAVEETY

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JURYMEN.

With the limited space at our command we have to leave many subjects unnoticed which might be touched upon with advantage, but although a little late in the day we think it well to revert, not so much to the story of the late Cincinnati riots, as to a subject directly suggested thereby. We refer to trial by jury, and the duties of jurors. We have no desire to dwell upon the miserable details of this wretched business. While a considerable amount of sympathy must necessarily be given to men whose intention was in the first instance to prevent a most flagrant miscarriage of justice, none the less did the wanton proceedings of the mob at Cincinnati serve to show how dangerous it is to attempt one evil by another. What more particularly appeals to us is the way in which this travesty of justice came to result in such terrible consequences. Now it would be very difficult to imagine anything more marked than the contrast existing between the theoretical fitness of the intervention of a jury in certain cases of a grave nature and the disastrous practical results which so often ensue, and every community of intelligent citizens where trial by jury forms part of their legal procedure will do well to consider why this should be the case. It is obvious that in a few lines we can only glance at the subject. To confine our remarks then we may say that roughly speaking miscarriage of justice in cases decided by a jury results from one of three causes, viz., fear, favor or ignorance, vincible or invincible on the part of the jurors. Invincible ignorance is such as results from untrained minds being required to judge of matters which they cannot understand, and to meet this contingency in more obvious cases is the provision for trial by special juries. In many cases, however, where no special knowledge of the subject may be necessary, the very form in which evidence is given, both in answer to what apparently to the uninitiated mind is disconnected questions, ends in leaving the juror to be almost entirely guided in his verdict by the summing of the judge. If this be desirable, and we express no opinion on the point, jury trial is evidently superfluous. The ignorance which results at the end of a hearing from inattention and carelessness with regard to evidence produced simply proves that the jury chosen on the occasion are unworthy of a status above that of the negroes before emancipation. Under the head of fear we may notice that courage is of two sorts, physical and moral. With respect to verdicts of juries, although it is impossible actually to sympathize with men who so often happened lately in Ireland, were afraid of being marked and followed up by assassins, yet they expressed their honest convictions, yet the physical constitution of individuals must be considered before they are unreservedly condemned by people who are not in their position. Fear and favor are so intimately connected

as to make it difficult to consider them absolutely a part, but whatever allowances may be made for the circumstances already referred to, none whatever can be allowed for moral cowardice in this connection. That any member of a civilized, not to say christian community, should, after having been sworn to return a verdict to the best of his ability on the evidence before him, allow himself to be influenced by the craven fear of having a section of the community, depraved enough to sympathize with criminals—what is vulgarly termed down on him—seems monstrous. Undoubtedly there do arise cases in which it must be very unpleasant for jurymen or magistrates to do their duty, when men, in other respects very decent fellows, have forgotten themselves sufficiently to transgress the law, but none the less must a juror or magistrate be a coward, willing to sacrifice self-respect and sense of duty to that miserable myth, called popular favor should he hesitate to take what his conscience points out clearly as his only course. We hope that a verdict obtained as a result of actual bribery is an impossibility on this side of the line, but what we are disposed to fear is that in many cases jurymen forget that their own personal feelings must be put entirely on one side in rendering a verdict and that the juror who is guided by anything but his unprejudiced opinion of the nature and value of the evidence submitted to him is not only utterly unfit to enjoy the rights and privileges of a free man but only from the nature of the case making his conscience the sole arbiter, escapes expiating the offence of perjury by a residence in the penitentiary.

THE INDIANS.

It speaks well for the settlers in the Territories that with all their own grievances to occupy them they can spare a large amount of sympathy for the troubles of the Indians. There is a very generally diffused opinion amongst those who ought to be tolerably well acquainted with the conditions of the Indian on the reserves, that numbers of them are very destitute. No doubt Indian agents fancy they will recommend themselves to the Government by the exercise of great economy in their management, and of course if by economy, we mean the avoidance of any unnecessary waste, the principal is very laudable, but if on the other hand economy means allowing slow but sure extinction of the red man, by disease resulting from all such complaints as supervene upon semi-starvation, surely it would be more economical, more merciful, and not one whit more immoral to supply them with infected clothing from the smallpox wards of the hospitals. That the Government policy with regard to making Indians self-supporting is a sound one we do not dispute, and no doubt they will be quite able to take care of themselves when those who are now children have grown up trained to the necessary habits and knowledge for agriculture, but to insist upon the present generation doing so, is about as reasonable as to expect the leopard to change its spots, or the Ethiopian his skin. If the white man has by his presence driven away the game which provided the red one's support, he is morally bound, at whatever cost, to provide a substitute, and even to take the lower ground of economy, it will prove cheaper in the end to feed the Indians than to provide the necessary force to hold them in check, if once goaded past the limit of patience, of which they

have proved already that they possess much more than ourselves. Should bloodshed occur and the settlers have to protect themselves, we have no doubt they can easily do so, but none of them, or of the police, who have a spark of justice left, can fail to feel the utmost indignation against the authors of a policy which deliberately provokes outrages, requiring rifles to suppress. The authorities responsible need not in such an event expect any sympathy from the settlers, or any further co-operation than may be absolutely necessary for the protection of our lives and property. Surely it is not to much to expect of an enlightened and professing christian Government to see that its representative is not outdone by the savage in the matter of holding sacred a deliberately given promise. A liar is justly held contemptible among ourselves, and still more so by the red men.

NEW LAND REGULATIONS.

We are authorized by the Commissioner of Dominion Lands to make the following announcement for the information of parties interested:

1st. Persons who squatted in the Mile Belt before it was thrown open for settlement and who being unable to obtain entry, secured entries outside the Belt, and are now desirous of abandoning such entries and of obtaining land within the Mile Belt are permitted to do so.

2nd. Persons who purchased lands within the Mile Belt, and who now desire to have those sales cancelled, and to be permitted to homestead and pre-empt the lands so purchased, are allowed to do so, to the extent of 320 acres in all, the payments already made by them to be credited them on account of their pre-emptions.

(Both of the above classes being subject to the conditions of the Order in Council granting the privilege of homesteading within the Mile Belt.)

3rd. Persons who purchased cancelled homesteads, during the time when entry for lands of that class was withheld, will upon application be placed on the same footing as persons now obtaining homestead or homestead and pre-emption, entry for lands of the same class, and the monies paid by them on account of their purchases will be credited on account of their pre-emptions.

"The Woman's Physician."

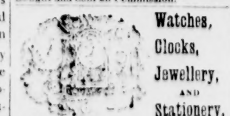
A common sense medical work for ladies only. Fully answers all questions which modesty prevents asking a male physician. Gives causes and symptoms of all diseases of the sex, with positive cure for each in plain language, written by ladies who have made those diseases a life study. A plain talk in delicate language which every woman, young or old, should read. It is recommended by many eminent lady physicians as a safe guide for the sex. Handsomely bound and illustrated. Sent postpaid for \$1 00. Address the ROCHESTER PATENTING CO., 32, 33 & 33 1/2 Oshorn Block, Rochester, N. Y.

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Agricultural, Garden and Flower Seeds. Clover, Timothy and all varieties of Grass seeds. Free Seeds, carefully selected seed grains, our illustrated catalogue free on application.

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MOFFAT & CALDWELL, BANKERS Stock and Real Estate Brokers, 414 Main Street, Winnipeg, Man. Deposits received, Notes Discounted, Exchange, Stocks, Mortgages and Real Estate bought and sold. Loans Negotiated, Collections Made, City and Town Loans and Farm Loans Bought and Sold on Commission.



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Clocks,
Jewellery,
AND
Stationery.

Joseph Rogers & Sons' Cutlery, Best Quadruple Electroplated Ware, All reliable goods. Everything warranted as represented. Special attention to resoling. Work done on shortest notice and warranted satisfactory.

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Post Office, Prince Albert, N. W. T.

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BREAD unsurpassed by any west of Winnipeg.

NINE Loaves for \$1

All kinds of Cakes and Pastry Made to Order.

HUGH M'DOUGALL,
East End Bakery.

The Grand Central

RESTAURANT.

(Old Woodhills Saloon.)

This new Restaurant has been opened and is now ready for boarders.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

THOMAS ORAM Prop.



PUBLIC NOTICE.

All persons are hereby required to take notice that the cutting of timber on the public lands without authority from the Minister of the Interior or the Local Agent of Dominion Lands for the District is prohibited by law, and all timber so cut without authority is liable to seizure, and to be dealt with as the Minister of the Interior may direct.

Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having timber on it, may, on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands, purchase a wood lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at \$5 per acre.

Any person other than a homestead settler desiring permission to cut timber must make application therefor to the Minister of the Interior, who will deal with such application according to law.

Persons who have already cut timber without authority must pay the dues thereon to the Crown Timber Agent at his office on or before the 1st May, 1884, otherwise the said timber will be confiscated under the Dominion Lumber Act.

D. J. WAGGONER,
Crown Timber Agent.

FURNITURE

Just arrived. In addition to our former large stock we have received some

Fancy Parlor

AND
Bedroom Sets.

Give us a call and see our

Sideboards,

Bureaus,

Bedsteads,

Couches,

Sofas,

Chairs of nearly all Descriptions.

Cradles & Cribbs for the Babies

Rocking Chairs for the Ladies

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KNOX & BARKER,

CARPENTERS, ETC.

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Near Presbyterian Church.

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All Orders Promptly Attended to

Plans and estimates furnished when required.

Planing and Matching done to order, next to H. B. C. Grain Mill.

Residence—Near Presbyterian Church

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GENERAL MERCHANTS,
Sask.
Prince Albert,

ITEMS OF INTEREST. THE VERY LATEST NEWS. CANADIAN.

OTTAWA, April 11.—Sir Charles Tupper's railway autonomy resolution was adopted in committee of the whole last night without amendment.

HAMILTON, April 11.—A man named Forbes dropped dead on the Market Square to-day.

LONDON, April 11.—The price of bread has been raised two cents per pound loaf.

ST. THOMAS, April 11.—A fight occurred this morning between a gang of Italian and English and a number of Irish laborers on the Canada Southern railroad, caused by the Irish objecting to the employment of Italians. The police with the assistance of citizens succeeded in stopping the fight after several both sides had been wounded.

MILTON, April 11.—Mrs. Wright attempted suicide by shooting herself in the breast with a pistol. The ball has not been extracted and she will probably die.

BOWMANVILLE, April 11.—Mrs. R. Paddy was found dead in her house to-night. She is supposed to have suicided. An investigation is being held.

SUDBURY, April 11.—Louis Peard, of Deserails, while jumping from the one while in motion, fell and was instantly killed.

BELLEVILLE, April 11.—The Presbyterian Synod of Toronto and Kingston held its final session to-day. The Synod discussed the appeal for the censure of Rev. J. Gallagher for marrying a man to his deceased wife's sister. The appeal was taken to the General Assembly.

AMERICAN.

ST. VINCENT, April 11.—A fire at St. Vincent last night totally destroyed the buildings of Walsh, Baker and Seigler, together with all their effects.

The river is rising steadily, and is now about 12 feet above low water mark.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Information has been received here of the arrest by the United States authorities at Key West of a Cuban named Mayol, who arrived at that port yesterday. The arrest was based on a telegram from the Governor General of Canada to the Spanish Consul at Key West, saying that Mayol was coming to America to kill him.

The State Department has no confirmation of the cable report that Minister Langdon had demanded of the Haytian Government \$40,000 indemnity for American losses in the September riot, or the surrender of Malest Nicholas as a guarantee that the money will be paid. The latest communication from Langdon on the subject is dated Dec. 17, 1882.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The business failures for the past week as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., numbered in the United States, 175; Canada, 39; compared with 212 in the previous week.

A glove contest has been arranged between C. Mitchell, the English pugilist, and Billy Edwards, the light weight champion, to take place in Madison Square, May 12th.

Major Moore, of the Salvation Army, was arrested to-day on the charge of stealing \$500 of the funds of the organization.

Fred H. Carney, aged 40, a grain merchant, was shot, probably fatally, to-day by John Hoagy, a merchant of Liverpool, England, stopping at the Grand Central Hotel. Hoagy has been arrested. He claims that the shooting was entirely accidental, and says he visited a shooting gallery with Carney, who is his friend, and a member of the produce exchange.

CHICAGO, April 11.—A Monmouth, Ill., special says:—The bank examiner has completed his examination of the collapsed National Bank and finds a deficit of \$114,702, 45, which is supposed to represent the amount of Cashier Hubbard's defalcation. Enough good assets were found to pay the depositors 80 per cent. If the deficit is made good within 60 days the bank will be allowed to resume business. The absconding cashier has not yet been found. His household goods were seized to-day on attachments.

The halting to-day was characterized by an unusual amount of turbulence. The struggle in the third, Congressman Davis district, was particularly excited and many personal encounters and several free fights resulted, but the only weapons used were fists no serious consequences followed. The result of it all was a divided victory. The first district

chose 80 delegates to the Congressional Convention, 40 of whom are for Logan and 40 against. An exciting time is anticipated when the Convention meets to-morrow to choose delegates to the National Convention.

DETROIT, April 11.—A disastrous fire occurred here this morning, destroying several buildings. The losses aggregate between \$15,000 and \$20,000. All were well insured.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.—Heavy rains continue throughout the State. The Southern Pacific Railway through Sausalito Canyon has again been damaged by washouts. At Newhall, Keene and Mejaire the track is washed away, and the passengers who left for the East via the Southern route on Tuesday and Wednesday last have returned here. General Manager Towns says it will take four days to make repairs.

At Fresno a cyclone demolished several buildings.

LACONA, N. W., April 11.—The trial of T. Simon for the murder of Mrs. Ford. James Reddy and Buddy 14 months old son last fall, ended to-day and Simon was sentenced to be hanged on April 17, 1884.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 11.—Jno. Thomas who was to have been hanged at Palmox to-day, had his sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

TERRITORIAL NEWS.

REGINA

From the Leader, April 10.
Several trains arrived last week which contained a number of immigrants.

Lieut. Governor and Mrs. Dowdney arrived at Regina yesterday morning from British Columbia.

Williams & Murphy, of Regina, have secured the contract for the building of the Industrial School at High River. Mr. Zindard procured the one at Qu'Appelle.

FORT MCLEOD.

From the Gazette, April 5.
The new barracks are about ready for occupation. The men will probably move in before high water.

The farmers are sowing their crops, some of them having their wheat nearly all in. The season is about a month earlier than it was last year.

Last week we had to chronicle the desertion of two men from the post. Since then seven more must be added to the list. About two weeks ago, Constables Webster and Crahan started for the outposts with a four-horse team and provisions and forgot to come back. They picked up two men, Constables Kelsey and Ranton, at Stand Off who went with them. Last night Constables Gray, R. Hays and Bottrell started for the south, making nine that have gone altogether.

BATTLEFORD

From the Herald, April 5.
Building operations are in full blast.

Ploughing commenced on the 25th of March.

A lacrosse club has been organized here and the material is already on the way.

The young men of Poundmaker's reserve have announced their intention of working whether their chief does or not.

Work on the Hudson Bay Company's new store will be begun next week. C. Walcott has the contract for the excavation. The buildings will occupy a commanding position on the height of land between the rivers.

EDMONTON

From the Bulletin, March 7.
Considerable demand for seed grain, principally wheat.

Lacrosse meeting at the Jasper House this evening at eight o'clock.

The attendance at the public school averaged forty for the past week.

No snow this spring, and very little probability of the streams being high.

The M. B. Co. saw mill is being fitted up for business, and will be ready for the first logs that come down the river.

A regular milk business is the latest new industry in Edmonton. Fifteen quarts for a dollar, or ten cents per quart, delivered every morning.

CALGARY

From the Herald, April 5.
The Hudson Bay Co. have decided to commence building at once on their lots on Stephen avenue. Plans are being prepared.

A meeting to organize a rifle club will be held at the Calgary House to-morrow evening.

The first four-wheeled vehicle manufactured in this town is in course of construction by Mr. J. B. Rivet.

A number of our citizens have for some time been talking of the advisability of having a telegraph system established in Calgary. Mr. F. Walsh, manager of telephones at Winnipeg, states that his company will establish a system here if they can obtain twenty subscribers at \$70 per year.

MANITOBA.

RAT PORTAGE.

From the Progress, April 5.
The Passenger traffic on this division of the C. P. R. is assuming tremendous proportions.

The C. P. R. Register has been photographing one principal buildings for publications in that journal.

The Campans will be the first boat to leave Collingwood for Pt. Arthur. She leaves Collingwood on the 15th inst. Freight will be \$3 to \$6 per ton cheaper than last year.

STONEWALL.

From the News, April 13.
Lovely evenings just now.

The oat meal mill is running night and day.

A large number of immigrants are arriving weekly at Winnipeg.

The Sons of Temperance will meet weekly.

Angus, Neil & Campbell, of Brant, left with five carloads of cattle on Thursday for Bell Plain, where they have a large tract of land and intend to start a stock farm.

NELSON

From the Mountaineer, April 12.
Partridges and prairie chickens are numerous, and have evidently suffered little during the winter. There is every prospect that all varieties of game will be unusually plentiful next year.

"Noah's Ark," on wheels, left Howick, Que., the other day for the Souris District, Man. It is a strange structure and contained four horses, a yoke of oxen, cows, a dozen hens, lumber and household fittings and utensils—clothing, seed and personal effects.

EMERSON.

From the International, April 10.
Farmers are jubilant over the prospects of a prosperous season.

The ice in the Red river is loose from the banks, and will go soon. The water is 14 feet above level, and rising at the rate of two feet per day.

Capt. Griggs of Grand Forks, has purchased, and will run the Algon line of boats on the Red river the coming season. The sum paid for the boats and warehouses was \$45,000.

The Housewife.

A popular domestic journal for American homes, will be sent for one year free to every lady who will send at once the names and address of 10 married ladies and 50 cents (no stamps taken). Best paper for either young or old housekeepers in existence. This offer is made only to secure names to whom to send sample copies, as we know every lady who once sees THE HOUSEWIFE will subscribe for it. Regular price \$1.00 per year. Address at once THE HOUSEWIFE, Rochester, N. Y.

CAMPBELL'S BLOCK.

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CROCKERY
AND
SEWING MACHINES.

Now is the time to secure the best value for your money ever offered in Prince Albert. My stock is large and well selected, and prices low.

Farm produce taken in exchange. Give me a call.

GROCERIES.

A large stock of general groceries on hand.

FLOUR AND FEED

Always in stock.

American Coal Oil, Salt, etc.

ALSO
FENCE WIRE,
PLOUGHS AND HARROWS

Constantly on hand.

J. M. CAMPBELL.

DRY LUMBER. MOORE & MACDOWALL

Wish to inform the Public that they have on hand and for sale a Half Million Feet of Dry Lumber, consisting of Matched, Dressed and Undressed.

Dressed Flooring, \$48
Undressed do., 42
Dressed Siding, 48
Undressed do., 42
Sheeting, 30
Common Lumber, 35
Dimension do., 40

“ “ Over 16 feet extra.
Lath, 75 cts. per bundle.
Shingles, \$6 50 per M.

We are prepared to Contract for Buildings as cheaply as any firm in Town

Builders paying Cash or giving good security for LARGE Orders, will have a reduction made.

MOORE & MACDOWALL THE GABLE HOUSE. NOTICE.



THE BEST OUTFIT OF
Pool, Carom & Pigeon Hole Tables
IN THE TERRITORY.

The Best BEER and CIGARS of the Finest Brands always on hand, wholesale and retail.

JOHN WYMERKIRCH, - PROP.

ROBERT THOMSON,

Sign & Ornamental Painter.

Cutlanning and Paperhanging on short notice.

Decorative Painting a Specialty.

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Chas. E. Page.

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EAST END.

Prince Albert Bakery.

2 LB LOAF, 12c.

9 LOAVES, 15c.

Cakes and Pastry always on hand and made to order.

WM. R. BELL.

MARKLEY & CO'Y.

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Life Insurance Co'y,

the City of New York.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

Deposits with Dominion Government \$100,000.

ASSETS \$5,116,914 4

Office, Bird Block, 433 Main St.

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This Company issues policies unrestricted in this country for liberality and freedom from restriction.

Policies are incontestable for any cause whatever after three years. Every form of Fidelity Policy issued.

JOHN F. BETTS, Agent.

Canada Life Assurance

COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1840

HEAD OFFICE:

HAMILTON, ONT

Capital & Funds, nearly \$6,000,000

Annual Income, over \$1,000,000.

A general agent of the Company will visit this town a few weeks hence, and will assist in offering the great advantages to be derived from insuring in this old and reliable Company.

A. SPROAT, AGENT, Prince Albert District, N.W.Y.

CHURCH CONCERT.

In reporting the concert held at Treston Hall on the evening of Thursday of last week, in aid of the C. M. Church, we may take the opportunity of briefly explaining our position with regard to criticism of public performances. The performance of anyone who benefits pecuniarily, is just as fair a subject for criticism, as are the goods we buy for a price in a store. When, however, ladies and gentlemen go to a considerable amount of trouble to get up a programme, and as is often the case do violence to their own feelings by appearing in public, from a laudable desire to help on some charitable or worthy object, we feel that it would be in the worst possible taste to air our critical acumen at their expense. Under such circumstances where we cannot conscientiously praise we can be silent. Those who went to the concert with the intention of helping the Church funds and at the same time enjoying some really good music performed by amateurs, were in no way disappointed, and the result is all the more creditable as the performers labored under some serious disadvantages. In the first place the building, although the best that can be obtained, is, for concert purposes from the close proximity of the ceiling to the platform and other peculiarities, so deficient in acoustic properties as to render the singing extremely difficult and to seriously interfere with effect, more particularly in choral or part singing. In the next place the accompanying instrument appeared to be considerably below concert pitch, and lastly the programme could not well, under the circumstances, be enlivened by the introduction of comic songs, such as at our other concerts have not only by their intrinsic humor, but by the force of contrast, tended to give point to the more classical selections. We can only notice the programme in its details very briefly. The anthem and choruses were well rendered and had evidently been well practised, while at least equal to anything of the same kind we have heard in Prince Albert, we cannot refrain from remarking that all our choral singing would be much improved by a very much greater preponderance of soprano voices to lead, a slightly increased force on the alto and tenor parts, with a materially decreased proportion of bass voices, however, this may be the fault of circumstances and we can only do our best with what material we can obtain. Mrs. Brown, Miss Hurd and Mr. Johnson sustained their reputation by their performance of that beautiful pastoral, "Ye Shepherds tell me," part of which they repeated in response to an enthusiastic encore. Handel's "Angels ever bright and fair," beautifully arranged as a solo and quartette, was rendered in a way which gave real pleasure to the audience. Those who know how thoroughly cultivated a musician is required to do justice to the solo were glad to find that it had been entrusted to Mrs. Stewart. Mrs. Brown was much delighted the audience when she gave them "Tyrol's Lovely Dell." That lady to a naturally true, clear, musical toned voice, adds the merit of an easily delivered distinct enunciation, which enables us to sympathize with the subject as well as the music of her songs. Often Mrs. Brown had to appear, she good naturedly answered the vociferous recall with a very pretty and humorous little song. Mrs. Sprout with her usual complaisance added "Annie Laurie," to "The Last Rose of Summer," in answer to her customary encore. Mr. Parker, who has a powerful voice, and sang with confidence, did justice to that fine naval song "Hearts of Oak." Mr. T. O. Davis, whose organ songs are always so heartily appreciated and enthusiastically encored,

showed that he can hold his own in another order of songs by his performance of "Sitting by the Style." In answer to a recall which would take to rehearsal, she gave us "The House Truly Lost." Mr. Peterson deserves credit for the way in which he played his accompaniments. He evidently understands the essential necessity of accompanying at following instead of trying to compel the singer. "The Lost Ship" was well rendered by Messrs. Hurd and Johnson. The instrumental trio and duet suffered considerably from the already noticed low pitch of the organ, and in addition to this Mr. Wright's cornet not being the one he usually works with he could not quite come to an understanding with it. We would gladly have heard more from Miss McPherson on a better instrument. Mr. St. Louis, being out of practice, had overtaxed his lips before beginning his solo, but we all know what he can do when in form. The band has made wonderful progress, and played a very pretty waltz, really well. The want of choice of music compelled them to undertake some selections which would have been a severe test of the powers of a much older band. Considering the weather, the concert was well attended. From the sounds with which one of the audience expressed its approval during the evening we conclude a complimentary ticket had been sent to the Sioux reports.

CHIT-CHAT LOCALS.

Gathered by our Reporters.

Ducks are getting plentiful.

Very little water in the sloughs this spring.

Mr. H. E. Hurd will leave for Troy tomorrow for freight.

Dr. Dunlop and his brother left for Troy yesterday morning to bring up some relatives.

The P. A. Lacrosse Club has set a challenge to the Edmonton club to play a match at that place.

A post office will be opened at the Ridge on the 1st of May. Mr. T. Scott has been appointed postmaster.

A few days ago a prairie fire destroyed a stable belonging to Mr. Simpson, a short distance from the Creek.

Those interested in the formation of a cricket club are requested to attend a meeting on Saturday evening at 7.30 in the Treston House.

It is a good thing that a snow storm commenced last night as it will put out the prairie fires which have been raging for some time past.

A horse belonging to Mr. J. W. Astley, surveyor, was badly burned by a prairie fire a few days ago. As the animal is suffering severely it should be shot.

Mrs. Brown and Miss Lettie Hurd will accompany Mr. H. E. Hurd as far as Troy. They are going on a visit to their relations in Ontario, and will be greatly missed by the citizens of this place.

By the last mail we received a letter from Sergt. John Broadon, who was in charge of this detachment of N. W. M. P. for some time. He has been transferred to Fort Macleod, and expects to visit this place this summer.

The house and outbuildings of Mr. A. Main, of township 24, range 48, was totally destroyed by prairie fires on Wednesday last. By the same fire Mr. V. Hutchinson had the misfortune to lose over thirty loads of hay.

In reference to the paragraph in our last issue about the building of the H. B. Co's. grist mill, the Hon. L. Clarke says that Capt. J. M. Smith is not on his way here, but that he will arrive with the lumber at soon as the river is running clear. The contract has not been let, nor will tenders be asked for. Any carpenter wishing work can secure the same at fair wages. Capt. Smith will be in charge.

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This book gives full directions for making all kinds of plain and fancy candies. The recipes for making caramels, chocolate drops, French mixed and all other kinds of candies contained in this book are the same as used by the leading city confectioners. Any one can have these candies at home at less than one-third the usual cost. Sent postpaid for 50 cents (no stamps taken). Address ROBINSON PUBLISHING CO., 32, 33, & 34 Oldham Block, Rochester, N. Y.

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